### Peer Support Roles Across the Sequential Intercept Model

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#### Crisis/Warm Lines
- Counseling and providing resources
- Engaging those identified as calling 911 and utilizing emergency services as their primary source of healthcare

#### Law Enforcement
- Involvement in Crisis Intervention Teams (CIT) and CIT training for first responders
- Participating in behavioral health co-responder teams, often for follow-up and proactive engagement
- Supporting pre-arrest diversion into peer-run services

#### Crisis Care Continuum
- Engaging in the treatment and recovery process
- Integrating into Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) teams

#### Mobile Crisis Teams
- Acting as staff or volunteers, paired with other professionals

#### Crisis Stabilization Centers/Hospitals
- Working in Navigator or Bridger positions
- Advocating through the emergency room process
- Reaching out at discharge to those at risk of/survivors of opioid overdose
- Transitioning state hospital forensic patients to the community within the competence to stand trial process

#### Initial Detention
- Explaining the arrest, detention, and arraignment processes

#### Courts
- Mentoring within mental health, veterans, drug/recovery, and other problem-solving courts
- Appearing in court with clients and at case staffing and review hearings
- Facilitating recovery education/training with court staff
- Integrating into Forensic Assertive Community Treatment (FACT) teams

#### Jail/Prison Reentry
- Mentoring/assisting with reentry/treatment planning
- Providing a “familiar face” on the day of release from prior in-reach
- Supporting system navigation (accessing housing, employments, SSI/SSDI benefits, etc.)
- Providing outreach at reentry to transition individuals at risk of opioid overdose to treatment/support

#### Pretrial Services/Initial Court Appearance
- Navigating the bail and pretrial release process
- Advocating for individuals with behavioral health conditions
- Connecting those released at initial appearance to behavioral health services while they await the next court date

#### Probation/Parole
- Helping connect to probation/parole officers
- Assisting with conditions of probation/parole and balancing treatment
- Accessing resources and services
- Providing prosocial interaction opportunities
- Providing technical training to those who experience a “new world” due to technological advances
## SPECIFIC EXAMPLES

### INTERCEPT 0
- Mental Health and Addiction Association of Oregon’s [Tri-County 911](#) social work team (utilizing 911/ER for primary healthcare) and [Clackamas Hope Team](#) (Opioid Overdose Survivor Program)
- Oakland County, MI’s [Common Ground Resource and Crisis Center](#) includes peers on the CIRT mobile crisis team
- Albany, NY’s Northern Rivers [Mobile Crisis Services](#) teams include peer support specialists
- [The Living Room](#) in Louisville, KY provides peer support as an alternative to jail, the ER, or inpatient hospitalization
- MHA Nebraska’s [R.E.A.L.](#) (Respond, Empower, Advocate, and Listen) program receives referrals from law enforcement, and also for those recently released from prison. Their [Keya House](#) and [Honu Home](#) are also staffed with peer specialists (also Intercepts 1, 4, & 5)

### INTERCEPT 1
- In Perry County, MO, CIT trainings integrate peers in lived experience in panels and role playing

### INTERCEPT 2
- The Defender Association of Philadelphia, PA employs peers as [bail navigators](#)
- Maricopa County, AZ uses forensic peers to connect those released at initial appearance to behavioral health services while they await court dates

### INTERCEPT 3
- Hamilton County, OH’s [Transitioning Opportunities for Work, Education, and Reality](#) (TOWER) program utilizes peers for five weeks of career-readiness prior to release
- NADCP’s [Justice For Vets National Mentor Corps](#) provides professional development for volunteer veterans working in Veteran Treatment Courts
- Massachusetts uses the [MISSION-CJ](#) (Maintaining Independence and Sobriety through Systems Integration, Outreach, and Networking—Criminal Justice) model in their adult drug, mental health, veteran, and family drug courts and reentry programs
- The Pennsylvania Department of Correction’s [Certified Peer Support Specialist](#) and [WRAP](#) programs are offered in prison

### INTERCEPT 4
- Philadelphia, PA’s [Peerstar, LLC](#) program provides jail in-reach for reentry planning
- The Mental Health and Addiction Association of Oregon’s EVOLVE [MULTNOMAH CO. HB 4143](#) program transitions those at risk of opioid overdose at reentry to substance use treatment
- The Via Hope: Texas Mental Health Resource in Austin provides a [Reentry Peer Specialist training and certification](#)

### INTERCEPT 5
- Denver, CO’s [PHASE](#) (Probation and Parole Accountability and Stabilization Enhancement) program provides peer support to probationers
- NYC’s Project Renewal [Parole Support and Treatment Program](#) (PSTP) includes peer support
- The [Offender Alumni Association](#) in multiple Alabama cities provides community-based supports to people following incarceration